

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____ Score _____

Sec 1H Unit 7 Review: Matrices



Perform the given operation with the given matrices.

1. $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 5 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 5 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

2. $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

3. $-3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -3 \\ 4 & -5 \end{bmatrix}$

$K = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 7 & 0 \\ 2 & 93 & 6 & -1 \\ 4 & -5 & 0 & 1.8 \end{bmatrix}$

4. Write the additive identity for matrix K:

5. Write the additive inverse for matrix K:

$W = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -1 & 6 & -50 \\ 4 & 0 & 23 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 21 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

6. Find $W - K$

7. Find $2K + W$

8. What are the dimensions of matrix P?

9. What is element $P_{4,3}$?

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 0 & 2 & 3 & 8 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 7 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 6 & 7 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & 10 & 0 & 4 & 6 & 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 6 & 0 \\ 4 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 9 & 6 & 1 & 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the determinants:

10. $\begin{vmatrix} 14 & 9 \\ -5 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$

11. $\begin{vmatrix} 15 & 9 \\ -5 & -3 \end{vmatrix}$

12. $\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 4 & 6 \\ 3 & 7 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & -8 \end{vmatrix}$

13. Solve for x: $\begin{vmatrix} -3 & 4 \\ x & -9 \end{vmatrix} = 32$

Perform the following multiplications if possible:

14. BA

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -1 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

15. FD

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

16. EH

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad F = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 \\ 4 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} \quad K = [8 \quad 0 \quad -3]$$

17. JK

18. CJ

19. If $M = GH$, then find $M_{3,2}$ without multiplying all of $G \cdot H$.

Write an augmented matrix for each system of linear equations:

$$20. \begin{cases} x + 2y = -4 \\ 5x - y = 19 \end{cases}$$

$$21. \begin{cases} -3x + 2y + z = 14 \\ -5x + 48y = -20 \\ 7x - 3y - 9z = 6 \end{cases}$$

Write the system of equations that generated each matrix:

$$22. \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & -5 \\ 7 & -3 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$23. \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 8 \\ -4 & 0 & 6 & 9 \\ 5 & -7 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Stop being afraid of what could go wrong and start being excited about what could go right.

Solve the following systems using matrix row reduction:

$$24. \begin{cases} 6x + 6y = -6 \\ 5x + y = -13 \end{cases}$$

$$25. \begin{cases} -2x + 6y = 6 \\ -7x + 8y = -5 \end{cases}$$

Use the value of the determinant to decide if the system of equations will have one solution. **Do NOT actually solve it.**

$$26. \begin{cases} 6x - 8y = 57 \\ -3x + 4y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$27. \begin{cases} x + 3y = -15 \\ -4x + 2y = 6 \end{cases}$$

$$28. \begin{cases} 5x - 2y - 7z = 0 \\ -x + 8y + 3z = 6 \\ 2y + 4z = -10 \end{cases}$$

determinant =

determinant =

determinant =

one solution? yes / no

one solution? yes / no

one solution? yes / no

Use the above determinants to determine whether the matrices from #26 - #28 have inverses:

29. inverse? yes / no

30. inverse? yes / no

31. inverse? yes / no

32. Write I_2 and I_3

Use the formula for the inverse of a 2x2 matrix to find the inverse of each matrix:

33. $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 8 \\ -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$

34. $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

35. $\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 \\ 3 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$

36. Use augmented matrices and row operations to find the inverse of $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$:

37. Use the inverse you found in #36 to solve this system of equations using inverse matrices: $\begin{cases} x + 2y = 4 \\ 3x + 4y = 10 \end{cases}$

38. The inverse of matrix $M = \begin{bmatrix} -7 & -11 & 10 \\ 6 & 9 & -8 \\ -2 & -3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is $M^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & -2 \\ -2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

Use this information to solve the following system of equations using inverse matrices: $\begin{cases} -7x - 11y + 10z = -4 \\ 6x + 9y - 8z = 18 \\ -2x - 3y + 3z = 20 \end{cases}$

39. What is the solution to the system represented by this matrix? $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 8 & 1 & 24 \end{bmatrix}$